17,000,000 HAVE **PURCHASED BONDS**

7,000,000 More Than In Second Loan-12,500,000 More Than In First

\$3,316,628,250 SUBSCRIBED

Treasury Officials Now Believe That the Actual Total May Run to \$4,000,-000,000-McAdoo Pleased

Washington, May 5.-An analysis of Liberty Lean reports to-day showed that probably 17,000,000 persons bought bonds in he campaign which closed last midnight-7,000,000 more than in the second loan and 12,500,000 more than in the first.

Latest tabulations showed \$3,316,628,250, reported subscriptions, but the treasury now believes the actual total, which may run to \$4,000,000,000 will not be definitely known until May 13, four days after in dividual banks are required to report to Federal Reserve banks.

'Whatever the money total," said treasury statement to-night, "The loan fust closed probably is the most success ful ever floated by any nation. marvelous distribution of the third Liberty Loan indicates that one out of every six persons in the United States may have participated in this loan.

Banks' resources, it was pointed out have been drawn on comparatively little to make the loan a success, and the prospects for future loans are brighter consequence. An added reason for fubilation among treasury officials is the indication that the government bond buying habit is becoming stronger among people of small means, and that the probably will invest even more heavily in the fourthf loan next fall.

Secretary McAdoo, in a statement thanknation for its support of the loan said the widespread distribution of "is particularly gratifying" and added:

"This is the soundest form of national war finance-the distribution of the loan among the people themselves."

urged subscribers to retain their bonds unless there is a pressing necessity for selling them, both to help maintain suit in the United States district court the credit of the government and as a against the Rutland railroad to recover stimulus to "those economies and savings | \$20,000 on the ground that Mr. Williams, which release materials and labor necessary to the support, if not to the very life

SUPREME COURT CONVENES

Large Attendance for Opening Sein New Court Room-Many Opinions Handed Down

Montpelier, May 7.-The May term of o'clock this morning with a large attendance of the bar in the new court room in the State building. Many pleasant comments were heard upon the beauty of the new accommodations for the court and many of the attorneys went to the building early to look over the different rooms. The session was opened with prayer by the Rev. P. J. Long, rector of St. Augustne's Church, while Sheriff F. H. made the opening proclamation. It is different from the old one and reads thus 'Hear ye; hear ye; hear ye; the honorable the supreme court appointed by law to be bolden at this time and place is now open. All persons having business therein draw near and you shall be heard. God save the State of Vermont."

This was followed by the call of the docket which resulted in several entries

The court held that a railroad is not responsible for a shipment placed on a private siding. The opinion was given in the Washington county case of Charles Bianchi & Sons of Barre against the Montpe-Wells River railroad, the action having been brought to recover the value of a monument shipped to St. Louis and consigned to the shippers. In the lower court the question was whether the railroad was responsible for the shipment after the car was placed on a siding, and the judgment was in favor of the defendant. Supreme court affirmed the judg-

Windsor county-in regard to estate of Alonzo A. Martin. This was a case over the breaking of a will, in which the jury the lower court found the documer presented in court was not the last will of Mr. Martin. The case involved presen tation of evidence over which there was considerable conflct. Many exceptions were taken to testimony and charges Judgment and cause remanded.

Lamoille county-J. C. Morgan vs. village of Stowe, which is important to all incorporated villages in Vermont. The question is over interpretation of the law, the plaintiff claiming that the negligence is a part of the water system while the defense is that placing of hydrant in question was a government act. A proformal judgment was given in the lower quarter pounds per week per court for the defendant. Mr. Morgan was injured by a collision of his wagon with the hydrant in question. Judgment af-

At the afternoon session the following intons were read:

Washington county: Globe Granite Co. vs. Charles Ciements, which was to re-cover the price of a monument. In the lower court a judgment for \$727 for the When the monument was set in a New York cemetery a crack was found and the purchaser of the monumoved in the decision, but expressed warranty sustained. larger sum reversed and judgment for

the smaller sum or \$176.

Grand Isle county: James F. McBride
vs. Nettle Kibbe V. Neil, C. McNall
guardian of Clayton Kibbe, apt. This action is a question of settlement for rental of property. In the lower court a verdict for \$560 and costs, to which the plaintiff took exceptions and brought the ase to supreme court. Judgment

Taylor, justice. Caledonia county: Brightlook Hospital association vs. Stanley F. Garfield, to recover money for care of defendant after injury of defendant while employed Passumpsic Telephone company. defendant claimed Manager Merrill of company was holden and not he. field, which the court sustained, giving judgment for the defendant. Judgment

Chittenden county: City Savings Bank & Trust Co. (of Vicksburg, La.) vs. Selina Peck. This was a case for collection of face value of a note held by a third Payments made to Mr. Alken should have been applied upon the note Let a new time for Decree affirmed. redemption be fixed, Powers, justice. Gilbo & Swartz, successor to Gilbo & Tobin. vs. estate of Anna F. Merrill, James A. Merrill, administrator, which is an appea from commissioners in probate court over the construction of a windmill, in which

cause remanded Orleans county: Will A. Wright vs. grounds next Sunday,

W. C. Lindsay. This case develops out of the sale of an automobile in which the plaintiff obtained a verdict in the lower court of one cent damage, and it was ordered that the defendant pay to the plaintiff, to which the defendant took exceptions. Judgment affirmed. R. W. Fadden vs. Fannie E. Fadden, C. G. Austin, W. R. Austin and G. C.

Holmes, which is an appeal from a decree in probate court. This case involves woman's right to transfer property. Decree affirmed, cause remanded. The following decisions were announced after the reading of the opinions; Rutland county, P. F. Howley vs G. T, Chaffee decree affirmed, cause remanded; Wash ington county, F. B. Hutchins vs. F. T George, judgment affirmed; A. T. Davis vs. Union Meeting House society, that the arguments were made on the de-murrer, but that they also should be

on the general issue and the case will be re-argued on its merits; Chittenden county, J. S. Hefflon vs. J. E. Cashman, judgment affirmed. The first case for argument was in Ben

nington county in regard to the estate of A. J. Barron which was submitted on briefs while the next case was in regard to the estate of Margaret Olds which was ergued during the afternoon and the Rutland county cases were reached.

Caledonia county-Continental Jewelry company vs. estate of David Frechette, settled and discontinued; Jennie M. Spinney, administratrix, vs. O. V. Hooker and son, judgment affirmed.

Among the cases disposed of out court

Chittenden county-W. T. McGraw vs Frank B Eldred, sattled and discontinued State vs. Frank Kaatz, motion to affirm judgment of lower court is filed. Franklin county-Gover vs. Swanton ettled and discontinued

Washington county-Amusement Company, Inc., vs. Barre, no hearing; Clemmie J. Covell, administratrix, vs. C. S. Field. lecree affirmed, cause remanded at once. In the Chittenden county case of White vs. White, a motion to dismiss has been

In the Bennington county cases, of which there are four, two of them have been continued, leaving that the Barron estate and Morgan estate to be argued before the court. Upon the completion of these arguments, the Rutland county cases will be commenced, of which every one is set for hearing.

RUTLAND RAILROAD SUED FOR \$20,000

Damages Sought for Death of Frederick

G. Williams an Employe Rutland, May 6 .- The estate of Frederick G. Williams of Chester has brought who was a railroad employe, met his death through negligence of the Rutland's

The allegation is that when Mr. Wilwho was a member of a freight train crew, attempted to board the train he slipped and fell and the snow was so piled up along side the rails that it caused his body to bound towards the trucks of the moving cars, inflicting fatal injuries The alleged negligence is failure to clean away the snow properly and leaving the piles in dangerous proximity to the tracks.

WILL NOT RESTORE MEATLESS DAYS

Same, Hoover Tells Vt. Food Administrator

St. Albans, May 2.-Meatless days, which were suspended a few weeks ago, will not be restored at this time as had been an ticpated, Acting Federal Food Administrator John T. Cushing said this evening. This does not mean, the acting administrator went on to say, that rigid conserva tion of meat and poultry products is not desired, but the food administration hopes that the inconvenience which arises in many ways from the meatless days will be avoided by popular co-operation along the lines suggested in the following telegram from Mr. Hoover received here to-night.

"The food administration is extremely desirous of securing economy in the con-sumption of all kinds of meat without the restoration of meatless days for the present. The seasonal decline in the volume of animals coming to market is now in progress and its volume will undoubtedly further decrease during the next few months as is usual, but the probable amount of such decrease is yet obscure.

"The necessaries for shipment abroad to our army and allies are very large and amount to, roughly, 75,000,000 of meat and meat products of all kinds per week, against a pre-war normal of less than 15,000,000 pounds. Even with these large shipments the allies found it necessary to reduce the consumption of all kinds of meats and poultry to an average of about one and one order that no further draft should be made upon the shipping that is now required for the transport of our soldiers. 'Our consumption of meats is about

three and one-quarter pounds per week per person and if we are to make both ends balance during the short marketing senson we must have further economy. If the public will continue in rigorous elimination of waste and will further economize by reducing the quantity prepared for each meal of all kinds of meats and poultry, more particularly beef, and from Mr. Clements refused to will restrict their purchases accordingly, There was a question as to the food administration hopes that the of warranty or general assumpsit. necessary balance can be maintained. A The case of implied warranty was re- general observance to these recommendations will avoid the inconvenience which Judgment for arises in many directions from the meatless days and will cause less interference

in the daily preparation of food. "There is now a seasonable abundance of milk products which can well be substituted in various forms. The shortage of fish during the last several months due to the necessity of naval requisition of trawlers and enlistment of fishermen for the navy, should be considerably relieved by the expansion which has been arranged in other forms of fishing.

TO HOLD UP DRAFT QUOTA ANNOUNCEMENT

Montpeller, May 7 .- The county quotas in the call for 599 men from Vermont will not be announced from the adjutantgeneral's office until after the railroad arrangements have been completed unless new arrangements are made. Five hundred and ninety-nine will go from Vermont May 28. The new plan is used berecently rearrangements had to be made following the announcements of quotas, which interferred with the announcement to local boards.

V. V. M. Mobilization

Montreller, May 7 -- Commanding officers mont Volunteer Militia, have been given orders that mobilization will take place judgment was in favor of defendant in at Rutland and Morrisville, respectively, the lower court. Judgment reversed and on dates announced by them similar to one of third battalion at State fair

DISCREDITED BY WAR

Theme of Presi lent Thomas' Baccalaureate ' Graduating Class at Middlebury

Middlebury, May 5.-The baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of Middlebury College was delivered to-day by President John M. Thomas. The subject of his discourse was "God's War," and the text was "Blessed be the Lord my rock, who teacheth my hands to war, and my fingers to fight." Psalm 144:1.

President Thomas said in substance When the cataclysm of August, 1914, burst upon the world it was looked upon by many as irrefragable proof of the failure of the Christian religion. were many who asked, uncertainly but fearfully, is not Christianity a failure, if after twenty centuries of preaching and praying this holocaust of the civilized

world could not be prevented? Religion has not been discredited by the war, but has evidenced its reality do not recall a single book we have had from the trenches which does not speak a new-found faith in God, stronger and more real, and with a certain high quality of devotion and enthusiasm about it as though it came by inspiration. Donald Hankey and Private Peat, Conningsby Dawson and Sergeant Empey allke testify to the sense of a strange and mighty presence which comes to men on the battlefield. They are convinced that God is in the fight and that His spirit broods over the fields of carnage, strengthening when strength has failed, leading when human leadership is vain, and receiving to Himself the spirits of the fallen.

The war also will lead to revise some what our catalogue of virtues, giving stronger emphasis to some of the plain and elemental qualities of manhood and judging less strictly the omission of some of the more cultivated graces. Our standards of virtue have been composed too largely by men in silken gowns and academic robes, in the quiet of libraries and away from the stern, harsh tur-moil of the world. We have judged men too much according to the advantages they have had for learning manners and not enough by the service of their lives in the better world God is making. Men who risk their lives for a comrade without a moment's hesitation, men who spring eagerly to volunteer for a ven-ture of great hazard, men whose grit and courage holds after days and nights without food or sleep and with death thick about them, men whose only pain in the last great sacrifice is the sorrow it brings to others and their grief that their last shot is fired-such men are entitled to some consideration when we make the list of those whom the just and merciful God shall acknowledge and approve. Love is the greatest of the virtues, we believe on good authority, and greater love hath no man than this. that he lay down his life for his friends We have a right to call God to our side and to fight with the strength of His mighty stretched-out arm. The basis of this claim is not that we call ourselves His people, that our fathers have served and worshipped Him, that we have built churches and offered prayers, that we believe and assert with all faith that God is on our side. The Kaiser of Germany claims God for his very own and Public Should Conserve Just the great unction proclaims victory in His ame. But the God of justice and truth is not won over by violent proclamations are men or emperors heard of Him for their much speaking. God fights with se who fight with Him and we have a

> The fight against Germany is a fight against force as the sole arbiter between peoples of the earth. It is a fight against the creed that war is a biological necessity, a doctrine to which the entire nation has committed itself, the doctrine that nan after centuries of civilization, after all the prophets and martyrs of the Chrisian religion, is subject to no other control than the bestial instincts of tigers and reptiles. If that doctrine is true, man's world is a jungle and we are better than the brutes only in our cleverness and

right to believe that it is His cause we are

This is the conflict of ideals which is ing waged in the fields of France. It is no mere strife among political methods, as some of our popular phrases might lead German, but Meissner, who was us to think. We have no great care over mere forms of government. We are not greatly stirred as to whether one nation or another of like qualities has precedence in the trade of the world. But we do have care that a nation which aspires to a dominating position in the world, which essays to dominate by might alone

hall be throttled in its purpose. We have assumed as the object of human endeavor among all peoples the general betterment of the world, the increase of human happiness, the security of all men everywhere in the rights of life and liberty. We have looked upon the world as a family of nations, a brotherhood of peoples, with men striving every where for the increase of human good for the advance of knowledge, the spread of virtue and pure religion, and the pression of ignorance and disease and in justice and oppression and evil of every ort. We have dreamed of a parliamer of man, a federation of the world, in which all should strive together for uplift of humanity and the coming of the

kingdom of God. The victory of the German arms would catter all these hopes as the idle visions would be divided into hostile camps, each watching to see how it might take advantage of the other and relentless when the opportunity offered to gain the utmost that it could regardless of justice or right If Germany wins, the present Germany with power lust in its soul, there will be no more philanthropy, but only calculating Mrs. Mary Davis; 2:15, roll call and rehusbandry of man-power within national boundaries for the purpose of force for

the next conquest. It is a high privilege to fight for God with all one's trength when the issue is plan. The present issue is clear as the sunlight, Returning soldiers tell of visions over yonder-of Joan of Arc again on her resistless attack-of figures of the Christ. seen undoubtedly by thousands of men at a time, with drawn sword toward the hostile ranks and hand of protection and benediction over those who face them. I do not doubt in the tumuit of the battle have seen such things-least of all do I doubt the reality for which the visions stand. For how can the righteous God, how can the Christ who loved the sons of men and who blessed the little children, stand otherwise than at the side of those who give their life, not merely that their own nation may live, but that the weak and helpless in every nation may dwell secure against those who would destroy them?

Members of the graduating class: We could not do other in this day of our country's great struggle than turn our to the mighty conflict, in which many of your associates are already bearing an honorable part and which some of you will soon join. I cannot do better in my last message to you than to bid you writer, find a buyer for it to exemplify in all your life, wherever God classified—"the regular way."

may call you, the spirit in which the nation is bearing its part in war. It is the spirit of courage, of firm determination to do its utmost. of steadfast reliance upon God and effort to follow His will to the end. May that spirit guide you and sustain you all your life. And may the high purpose and fervent zeal of these solemn and earnest days enter your soul to make you strong through all your life in God's war

wherever the fight may be. At the meeting of the Phi Beta Kanna society Saturday morning the following were elected: Mr. Buffum, Mr. Lyon, Miss Estella Atwell, Miss Bryant, Miss Dvorcef. Miss Farrell, Miss Fuller, Miss Menott and Miss Rogers.

The class day exercises with the follow ing program were held on the campus at ten o'clock: Address by president, Forrest Guilford Myrick; class history, Louise Norris; oration, Richard Harrison Buffum; class poem, Dorothy Helen Brown; prophecy, Elsie Langworthy Foote and Guy Newton Christian; essay. Margaret Chatfield; class will, Henry Mabbitt Crippen, Jr.; presentation of servlee flag. Kenneth McKenzie Gorham; awarding of honors, President John Martin Thomas; planting of lvy, tvy oration, Charles Julius Lyon; junior class marshals, Mildred Henrietta Cady and Manuel Octavio Bolivar; committee, Elsie Monchairman, Ruth Louise Norris, Goldie Josephine Courtemanche, Urban Henry Parker and Kenneth McKenzle Corham

The alumni and alumnae luncheons were held at noon. A meeting of the asociated alumni and the meeting of the Alumnac association were held following, and at three o'clock came the track meet with the U. V. M. signal corps.

In the evening a musicale by the college

ST. JOHNSBURY WOMAN'S CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS

St. Johnsbury, May 7 .-- At the annual meeting of the St. Johnsbury Woman's club these officers were elected: President, Mrs. Robert E. French; vice-president, Mrs. Arthur R. Brooks; second vice-president, Mrs. George C. Cary; rec. secretary, Mrs. Theodore Chase; cor, secretary, Mrs. H. H. Eldridge; treasurer, Mrs. S. A. Moore. These deegates were elected to the State Federation which meets at Burlington in June: Mrs. Arthur F. Stone, Mrs. F. G. Bundy, Mrs. J. H. Brooks, Mrs. C. G. The club appropriated \$65 for war relief work didvided as follows: 325 to the local Red Cross, \$20 to fund for recreation house work for the American soldiers, \$20 for woman's hospitals in France.

JUDGE E. L. WATERMAN'S NEPHEW DIES IN FRANCE

Brattleboro, May 7 .- Chandler Waterman of Montclair, N. J., whose name appears in the casualty list published today as having died of wounds in France, was a son of the late Herbert Waterman of this town and a brother of Raymond Waterman and Mrs. James Sexton and nephew of Judge E. L. Waterman of Brattleboro. He was in the ambulance The young man attended school and had attended Columbia University three years when he enlisted last sum

CORNELL BOY GETS HIS FIRST PLANE

Lieut. Meissner, 21, Hero of Air Battle, Fought at Height of 15,000 Feet.

FRANCE, May 2, (By the Associated Press)-An American aviator has plane along the American front northwest of Toul. Lieutenant James Meissner, whose home is in Brooklyn, after a thrilling aerial battle at about 15 000 feet shot down an Albatross

scoul, which fell in flames. Lietuenant Meissner is 21 years of age, and a graduate of Cornell. He came to France a few months ago and qualified as a pilot

While he was protecting a photographing plane, a German machine came A French plane started for the high nearby in a speedy Nieuport chaser, made a dive for the German's tall. within range he opened fire with his machine gun, and the German started spiral nose dive, but after a few seconds straightened out and started back for his

Meissner followed so closely that the German's wing tore both of the under wings of Meissner's machine, but at the same time the young American poured a deadly stream of bullets into the plane, which started smoking. Meissner kept up the fire until the German ma burst into flames and fell. The American pilot landed safely on his own side of the lines, but the German fell about a mile inside the German lines, south of Thiaucourt.

W. C. T. U. MEETING

45th Convention of Addison County sociation Held at Vergennes

Vergennes, May 7.-The 45th annual convention of the Addison county opened here this forenoon at the Methodist Episcopal Church with an exof impractical sentimentalities. The world ecutive meeting at 11 o'clock. At 12:15, dinner was served by the local union in the church parlors. The afternoon program was: 1:30, opening the convention by the county president, Mrs. Neilie S. Manum of Bristol, with reading of psa and prayer; 1:45, greetings, W. C. T. U., William the Rev. Rev. W. S. Mulholland; response, port of last convention; 2:30, president's address; 3:00, superintendents' reports: evangelistic, Miss Lena Hawkins of Vergennes, literary, Miss Helen Weller o Bristol, flower missions, S. S. and L. T. L. Mrs. Daisie Ransoms of Monkton, G. T. J. Mrs. Flora Purinton of Lincoln, press. Mrs. Mary Green of Monkton, charger riding before the pollus in and jail, Mrs. Mary Thomas of Monkton; 3:30, short address by the W. C. T. U. president, Mrs. Minnie L. Pearson; franchise, Mrs. F. N. Graves of Vergennes; soldiers and sailors, Mrs. Devoid of Monkton; 4:00, speaking by children; evening song service by the Industrial school boys and girls; Scripture reading and prayer, the Rey, Richard 3. Woodbridge. The address of the evening was given by Mrs. Minnie L. Pear-

TALLEST IN STATE

Max Boque, Seven Feet Two Inches Wants to Enlist in the Navy Underhill Center, May 6.-Max Bogu went to Burlington Saturday to enlist in the navy. Mr. Bogue stands seven feet and two inches in his stockings and is probably the tallest man in Vermont.

If you're not using that extra type-writer, find a buyer for it through the

GRADUATES 50

Gov. Graham, Judge Hand and Ambassador Elkus Given Honorary Degrees

Middlebury, May 6.—The graduation exercises of the class of 1918 and the conferring of degrees was held this morning at 11 o'clock at the Congregational Church. The commencement address was delivered by the Rev. J. Per-cival Huget, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y. The following honorary degrees were Gov. Horace F. Graham, Doctor of

Laws. The Hon, William B. C. Stickney, Doc-Judge Augustus N. Hand, of the United States district court, New York, Doctor

of Laws. Abram I. Elkus, ambassador United States to Turkey, Doctor of Laws. The following 50 candidates received heir degrees:

FOR THE DEGREE OF A. B. Richard Harrison Buffum, James Cardell, Henry Hamblin Chapman, Britton Armstrong Everitt, Louis Greene, Forrest Guilford Myrick, Urban Henry Parker, Frank Carl Whitney, Irene Lamson In the evening a musicale by the college musical clubs was given in the Mead Memorial chapel.

Adams. Elsie Agnes Atwell, Estella Louise Atwell Dorothy Elizabeth Brewster, Dorothy Helen Brown, Ruth Mary Bryant, Allee May Chynoweth, Heler Seymour Clift, Goldle Josephine Courtemanche, Marion Alice Dean, Helen Alexandra Diehl, Hazel Grace Doody, Marion Grace Elmer, Pertha Elizabeth Farrell, Elsie Langworthy Foote, Alice Katherine Fuller, Alice Catherine Hal-pin, Margaret Mae Harris, Ruth Avaline Hesselgrave, Bessie Cornella Jennings, Marguerite Helon Jones, Josephine Frances Menotti, Helen Beatrice Newton, Ruth Louise Norris, Louise Harrison Reynolds, Marguerite Rogers, Lucy Smith, Fai Walker and Christine Jane Webster. Faith

FOR THE DEGREE OF B. S. William Russell Brewster, Henry Maboitt Crippen, Jr., Harold Franklin Drew, Robert Samuel English, Charles Julius Lyon, Carl Huntress Moulton, Marion Smith Webb, Margaret Chatfield, Han nah Dvorcef, Katherine Howard Hurd, Doris Annie Kendall, Elsie Monteith and Frances Mary Pray. SPECIAL HONORS.

Degrees conferred cum laude: Buffum, Mr. Chapman, Miss Bryant, Miss Chynoweth, Miss Courtemanche, Miss Hurd, Miss Jennings, Miss Jones, Miss Menotti, Miss Newton and Miss Norris. Degrees conferred magna cum laude: Mr. Lyon, Miss Estella Atwell, Miss Dvorcef, Miss Farrell, Miss Fuller, Miss Pray and Miss Rogers. Honors in English: Miss Dorothy H Brown, Miss Margaret M. Harris and Miss

Louise H. Reynolds. Honors in French: Miss Goldle 1 Courtemanche

Honors in German: Miss Elsie L. Foote. Honors in home economics; Miss Bessie Jennings. Honors in Latin: Miss Helen S. Clift.

Miss Marion A. Dean, Miss Ruth A Hesselgrave and Miss Marguerite Rogers High honors in French: Miss Bertha E Farrell and Miss Josephine F. Menotti. HONORARY APPOINTMENTS.

Valedictory honors, Charles J. Lyon salutatory honors, Miss Estella L. Atwell. PRIZES IN HORACE.

First prize, Anna Pauline Locklin, '20, awarded for delicacy of interpretation and felicity of expression. Special first prize (presented by the committee of award), Mary Edith Bliss.

'20, awarded for unique illustrative interpretation. Second prize, Corinne Marshall Weber, '20, awarded for richness and fullness of WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN illustration, with vigor of interpretation. Third prize, Mary Louise Smith, '20,

awarded for general excellence. GEORGE H. CATLIN CLASSICAL George H. Catlin classical prize, Henry H. Chapman, '18, Deacon Boardman peace prize, James Dayton Searles, '19.

NEW PRIZES. President Thomas announced two new prizes. The Kellogg Latin-English prize, presented by Brainerd Kellogg of the class of '58, and the George H. Catlir classical prize, presented by George H. Catlin of Scranton, Pa., for the man the senior class whose college work in Greek and Latin is adjudged worthiest of

the distinction. 1918 STUDENTS IN SERVICE. Lester Nelson Allyn, New Haven, Conn., 1st Lieut., 19th Machine Gun Batt., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga; Walter Edward Anderson, Fitchburg, Mass., S. N. R., Indian Head, Md: Charles Effingham Barlett, Middlebury, U. Quartermasters Corps in France: Roscoe Edwin Dake, Middle Grove, N. U. S. A. Unit 303, Co. 6, in France; rving Willard Eastman, St. Johnsbury U. S. N., U. S. S. America; Walbridge Birney Fullington, Johnson, 103rd Regiment, Co. G in France; Edward Shepard Huntley, New London, Conn., N. R., Cambridge, Mass; Edgar Lawrence Lord, Dennis, Mass., 23rd Aero Squadron, Hempstead, L. I.: Raymond Corwin Mudge, Ludlow, Aero Station, Pensacola, Fla.; Carroll Ross Stearns.

Bristol, U. S. Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va.; Guy Eugent Wheelock, North Troy, U. S. N. R., Boston, Mass; Stanley Victor Wright, Middlebury, 2nd. Lieut. Aviation section, Camp Dick, Texas. The commencement held at one o'clock at Battell Cottage. and at 7:30 Thomas held his annual reception in the social rooms of Hepburn hall. junior promenade began at 8:45 o'clock

in the McCullough gymnasium. CALL MECHANICAL MEN

Chittenden County Will Furnish 57 of 365 to Be Instructed at U. V. M.

Montpeller, May 2.-The following order was sent to the loca! boards to-day and a request to have the same published in the daily papers: To Local Boards and Daily Papers:

"The following telegram is published for your information and guidance. "I. Call number 218 upon your State is hereby announced as follows:

"Complete the entrainment for Burling-ton, Vermont, of 365 (three hundred and sixty-five) grammar school graduates who have had some experience along mechan-ical lines and some aptitude for mechan-ical work to report to the commanding officer, University of Vermont, on May 16. Only white men and men physically qualified for general military service may be inducted under this call "2. The men selected for this service

will receive a course of training at government expense fitting them to serve in army positions, requiring knowledge bile repairing, blacksmithing, car pentry, and other mechanical duties, in clinate to many kinds of military service both at the front and behind the lines. The men taking this course will receive thorough instruction which will be of great personal value in working their way ahead both in the army and in civil life. This is an exceptional opportunity for ener-

voluntary induction. When registrants voluntarily present themselves, the local boards may induct qualified men until their allotment has been filled. The vol-untary will continue May 8. After May on May 8 a sufficient number of volunteers has not come forth to fill the allotment of the local board, the local board will proceed to select in sequence of order bers a sufficient number of qualified men from within class one to fill its allotment. deducting the voluntary inductions. Only white men who have completed at least a grammar school education and have had some experience along mechanical lines and some apitude for mechanical work should be inducted, and the provisions of my telegram number B-80, dated March il, relating to men actively, completely and assiduously engaged in the planting and cultivating of crops should lowed.

"3. Each man must carry with him at least two suits of underclothing, one suit of outer clothing in good condition, sweater, a stout pair of shoes, three extra pairs of socks, and two bath towels, as he will be kept in civillan clothing during the first three weeks until he can be supplied with a uniform and

other clothing. 4. The number of men called for under this call must be actually entrained. account of pending legislation before Congress this office is not in a position to give you any suggestions as to how to make allotments, but the previous efficiency of your office warrants placing the matter in your hands.

Instruct local boards to warn leaders of parties against mutilation of rall-

road equipment.
"C. It is very important that you have complete control over this call. Men should not be allowed to arrive before May 16 and the entire party must be entrained so as to arrive on that date. Consult the representative of the Amerian Railway association as to schedules na heretofore. Advise this office by letter the alletments you make to each local board. Acknowledge.

CROWDER. The quotes by counties are: Addison 21. Bennington 20. Caledonia 20. Chittenden 57, Essex two, Franklin 25, Grand Isie four, Lamoille seven, Orange 15, Orleans 24, Rutland No. 1 21, Rutland No. 2 12, Washington 41, Windham 23 and Windsor 66.

LIEUT.-COL. GRIFFITHS KILLED IN FRANCE

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 2. (By the Associated Press.)—Lieut.-Col. Richard H. Griffiths, ommanding a battallon of infantry, has been killed by shell fire in Picardy, He merged from a dug-out just as man shell arrived and exploded directly

Lieut.-Colonel Griffiths was with the Fourth Tennessee Volunteers in the Spanish-American War, and later with the 37th volunteers. He also served as major in the Philippine constabulary. He was appointed a major in the national army after resigning from the British His widow is a Red Cross nurse.

Wastefulness and hoarding re

MIDDLEBURY GETS GIFT OF \$50,000

Wilham H. Porter Offers to Donate Sum for Hospital for College and Country

Middlebury, May 6,-A feature of the Middlebury College commencement luncheon to-day was a letter, read by President Thomas from William H. Porter of New York offering a donation of \$50,000 for the erection of a hospital to be used jointly by the college and the people of Middlebury and vicinity. If the offer is accepted the trustees of the college are to have the management of the which is to be erected on college land.

The letter follows: New York City, May 1, 1918. Rev. J. M. Thomas,

Middlebury, Vt.

My dear sir: It has long been my desire that Addisor county and vicinity should have the facilities of a first class hospital. It has also been my desire that Midlebury College have an infirmary. It has seemed to me that the two purposes might be combined in one institution and I know of no better instrumentality for the man agement of such an institution than the trustees of Middlebury College.

If you are of the opinion that the plan will work out satisfactorily. I will be pleased to donate to the president and fellows of Middlebury College the sun of \$50,000 to cover the cost. I understand that a hospital of adequate size would ordinarily cost about \$20,000 but as I would the building fireproof with the best modern equipment and as it is probable that high prices will exist for the next few year I have suggested \$50,000 as being quite sufficient for the purpose.

If the plan is acceptable, I wish the hospital plans to be prepared by an architect of my selection and I should like the building to be erected on som part of the college land where it will face northeast so that it may comman a view of the wonderful Green Mountains and I would like the building to named and known as the Porter hospital. also would like to have placed in it a tablet which I will suggest later.

Very truly yours, WILLIAM H. PORTER. Mr. Porter, who has offered the dona tion to Middlebury College and the town of Middlebury, is a New York banker He was born here and Middlebury Col ege in 1911 conferred the degree of LL. D. on him. He is now a member of the J. P. Morgan banking firm. an ex-president of the Chemical National bank and is now a director of that institution. He also is a director of the Astor Trust company, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., Fidelity & Casualty Co., a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, United States Life Insuran company and the Franklin Savings bank in addition to holding a number of other positions prominent in the world of finance.

Motor Cyclist Injured

Montpeller, May 7 .- Manuel Pereda was taken to Heaton hospital to-day suffering with a broken collar bone and other injuries as the result of a motorcycle accident that took place near the car barn. The motorcycle slipped from under Pereda as he was making a turn, throwing him on the car tracks.

BURKE MAN IN BANKRUPTCY. Rutland, May 6.-Frank L. Farr of Burke, farm laborer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with Clerk F. S. Piatt of the United States court. His liabilities are \$13,712.64, of which \$12.250 is in pre laims. His arsets amount to A petition has been filed by ferred claims. \$1,010,45. John Kindman of St. Johnsbury; liabilities \$483; assets \$100.

call one of State-wide interest. Qualified registrants should be urged to present present themselves to their local board for SEDITION BILL

Gives Government Broad Powers In Punishing Disoyal Acts and Utterances

OPPOSED BY SOCIALISTS

Measure Conf. 's Power Upon Postmas ter General to Deny Use of Mails to Persons Violating Act

Washington, May 7.-Final legislative action was taken to-day on the bill, giving the government broad new powers to punish disloyal acts and atterances. Adopting a conference report House sent to the President for his signature the measure which has been before Congress for weeks, assailed as a menace to free speech and championed es essential to order at home during the

The President in expected to sign the till premptly and through vigorous enforcement of its provisions officials of the department of justice may they will be able to de much toward checking the wave of mob outbreaks for which punished disloyalty and enemy activity are blamed

Penalties of 20 years' imprisonment or fine of \$10,000, or both, are provided n the bill for these consisted of uttering or printing disloyal, abusive, profane, scurri'ous, contemptuous or abusive language about the United States or the government or the form of government, or the fire, and for those who are convicted of favoring Germany or her allies in the present war.

Only Representative London of New York, the socialist voted against the conference report on the final test in House. Representatives Lundeen of Minsesota, republican, and Church of California, democrat, voted present. Representative London sought vainly

send the report back to conference because of the elimination of the Senate imendment exempting from penalty those who in criticism of the government speak the truth with good motives and for justifiable ends. Representative Johnson of Washington attacked Representative London's criti-

language against the Constitution of the United States and wanted to know whether the socialist member approved the activities of the L. W. W. "When a group of conscienceless employers refuse to recognize the right of ployers retuse to recommend the people to organize, they will have to deal with the I. W. W..." Representative London replied. "I believe the

ism of the provision against using abusive

I. W. W. is the working out of the law of compensation. "I am sternly opposed to having the Constitution made over along the lines of a Karl Marx book on socialism," re-torted Mr. Johnson, "and I am also opposed to making the Stars and Stripes into a red flag of revolution for the anerchists, or the I. W. W., or the social-

The mail censorship section reads as

"The postmaster-general, may, upon evidence satisfactory to him, that any person or concern is using the mails in violation of the provisions of this act, instruct the postmaster at any postoffice at which mail is received addressed to such person or concern to return to the postmaster at the office at which they were originally mailed, all letters or other matter so addressed, with the words other matter so addressed, with the words espionage act,' plainly written or stamped letters or other matters so returned to such postmasters shall be by them reregulations as the postmaster-general

may prescribe." Penalties under the bill would apply to those who make false reports or statements with intent to interfere with the operation or success of the military or naval forces of the United States, or to promote the success of its enemies, or say or do anything with intent to obstruct the sale of government securities during the war. They would apply to those who incite insubordination or mutiny or refusal of duty in the military of naval forces, or retard recruiting, or to those who speak, write or abusive language against the uniform of the soldier or sailor or the flag, or the

INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE

constitution.

Richford Vermont and Sutton, P. Q. to Be Connected-Hates Completing Construction Arrangements

Montpeller, May 2.-Pursuant to the legslation made in 1917, State Highway Co missioner S. B. Bates has completed the arrangements for the construction of an nternational bridge between the towns of Richford, Vt., and Sutton, P. Q., and he has advertised for bids to be accepted in the town hall in Sutton and town clerk's office in Richforduntil noon May 15. The job is about a \$17,000 contract. The bridge will have two reinforced concrete arches 67 feet long. It is a part of the general purpose of the State to build a trunk road from Newport to St. Albans, along the northern boundary of the State in which the Canadian government is co-operating.

The engineer of the Canadian government located its end of the bridge,

was more difficult than on the Vermont side, and then H. M. McIntosh, State engineer located the Vermont end, to match Ganadian plan, with the result that they have planned a bridge across the Missisquoi river at a point where it can be most easily constructed. This work is but part of that which will be done, but the rest of it which is the elimination of a grade crossing, will not be done at time or under this contract. The State in 1917 appropriated \$10,000 as its portion wards the bridge and elimination of the

crossing. LIVINGSTON DISAPPEARS

No Reason Is Known for Newport Man's Sudden Variting

Newport, May 2 .- Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the whereabouts of E. M. Livingston, who was last seen late Tuesday night. Livingston is about 50 years of age and has for many years been a trusted employe of the firm Blanchard Co. As he was of a guiet and retiring disposition, and of most exem-plary habits and character, no resson is his sudden dis known for his sudden disappearance, though he has been despondent at times.

A SURE CURE.

Mrs. Umson-"I can't break my Harold of the slang habit." Mrs. Amley-"I thought I couldn't break our Tessie it, but I did." "How?" "She used it it, but I did." "How?" "She used to have the habt of saying 'good night' to everything I said-" "Yes-" "So I just formed the habit of taking her at her word." "What do you mean?" "Every time she said it I sent her to bed."